



ACADEMIC WRITING: HOW TO GET YOUR RESEARCH PUBLISHED

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COMU CONTINUING EDUCATION CENTER

ÇOMU E-CERTIFICATE EDUCATION PROGRAM

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Presentation III

Getting Published



A Series of Academic Writing Teaching Assoc. Prof. Dr. Kürşat Color



Presentation Outcomes

- Explain what makes an academic journal by stating its main features.
- ▶ Identify the overall aspects of article tailoring to specific journal types in accordance with their writing conventions and rules.
- Correctly state the processes of writing, reviewing, and publishment in academic contexts.





Table of Contents

- Pre-Writing
- While-Writing
- Post-Writing







Defining Academic Journal

Academic journal is a regular publication, providing scholarship in a specific field.



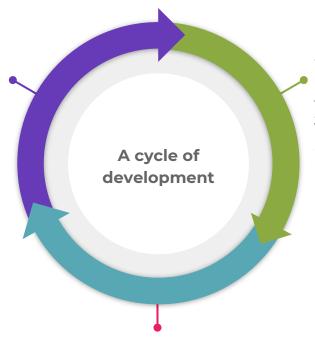


Why Write for an Academic Journal?



YOUR WORKS GETS
PUBLISHED

The other professionals in your field get to read it, and your profession develops.



YOU WANT TO DEVELOP PROFESSIONALLY

To receive enough scholarly points, you study something of your interest in your field and write it in an article.

YOU SEND IT TO A JOURNAL

In order to get published, you send it to a journal.









Prepare a journal shortlist.

"Which journals do you read related to your study?"

"What journals do you aim to cite in the paper?"

Ask your colleagues.



Find a suitable journal.

Journal Suggester



Check out the journal.

Scope, goals, published works, editorial board...

Academic level, style of the journal, difficulty level, professionalism...







Use: https://www.thinkchecksubmit.org/



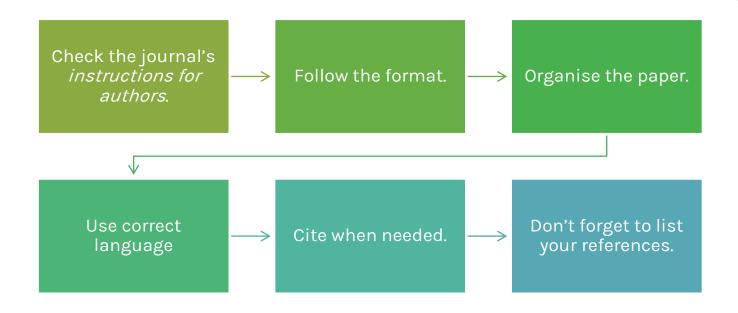














Overall Good Writing Tips





Prepare your tables and figures in advance.

If you have any...



Do not just summarize the literature.

Analyse, synthesize, and paraphrase to build a theoretical framework.



Discuss the known and identify the gaps.

Relate the study to the gaps in the literature.





Abstract	In abstract, do not use abbreviations but be comprehensible. • Mention your aim, methods, and main findings.
Introduction	Provide a clear background. • Your focus, importance of study, generalizability
Methodology	Include all the subheadings in the methodology part.
Findings and Discussion	State the implications of the study, relating it to the previous ones. • Present and discuss findings in order of importance.
Conclusions	Draw relevant conclusions. • Acknowledge the limitations and write recommendations for future research.









Revision Process

Self-Review

You review your own paper. Look for one thing after another. Proofread as much as needed, and revise in accordance.

Peer Review

Peer is someone of the same field and professionality. They review your paper as a "third eye". It also is a means of scholarly evaluation in some journals.







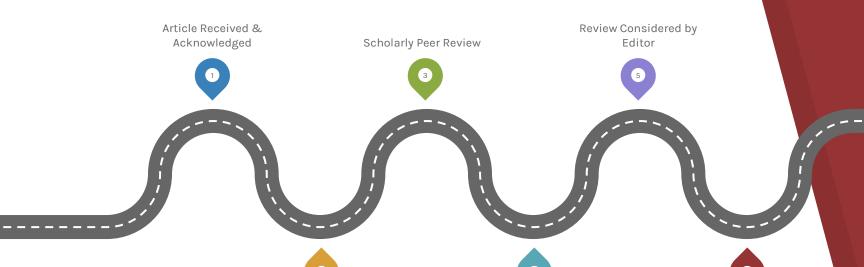
Cover Letter to the Editor

It is a chance to explain yourself and the study personally to the editor, which will help them understand you better.



Publishment Process





First Decision
Immediate Reject
Consideration

Review Returned to Editor

Follow-up From Editor
Reject
Request Revision
Conditional Acceptance
Acceptance









The peer reviewers look for...

Relevance and attraction to the readers.

Clear, coherent, consistent, and accessible writing.

Balance between theory and practice.

Generalizability.

Awareness of recent work in the field.



The peer reviewers do not look for...

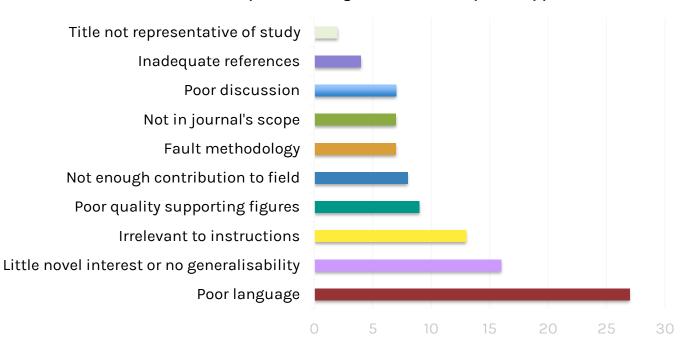
Too much technical language.
Too much theory with little practice.
Too little theory to justify the practice.
Lack of awareness of recent work.
Too local contexts.
Interesting but underdeveloped idea.







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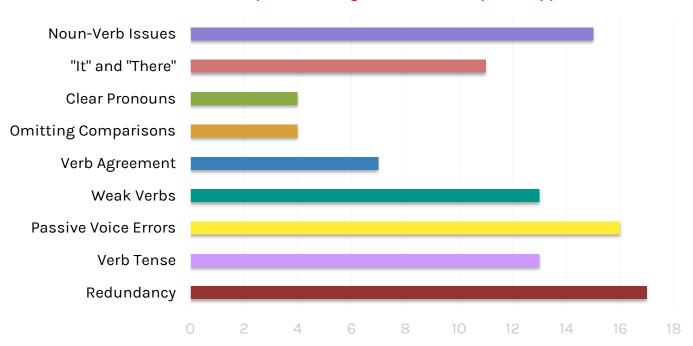








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Article Transferring System

If your paper is unsuitable for their journal, some editors recommend you send your paper to some other journal.



After Acceptance





Announce your study on social media.

Use hashtags, keywords, and tag others.

Be professional and state the importance of the study.



You may videorecord yourself to do it.

Explain, in your own words, the study.



Create a researcher profile.

On Google Scholar, ResearchGate, or LinkedIn, etc.



After publication...

Share your e-prints and link your research.



Textual References

Gary Blake (1993)

 The elements of technical writing, MacMillan Publishers (Journal Article)

Graham Hall (2016)

 Writing for publication in a refereed journal: an editor's perspective (Presented at IX. International ELT Conference)

INGED Turkey (2021)

 How to get published in international journals (Online Conference Meeting)

Visual References

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THANK YOU!

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